

RECORD OF TITLE **UNDER LAND TRANSFER ACT 2017** FREEHOLD





Identifier

NA7D/1106

Land Registration District North Auckland

Date Issued

15 February 1966

Prior References

NA1545/78

NA1833/62

Estate

Fee Simple

Area

1103 square metres more or less

Legal Description

Part Lot 26 Deposited Plan 35077

Registered Owners

Paul Charles Price and Susan Annette Price

Interests

Fencing Agreement in Transfer 571475 (affects part)

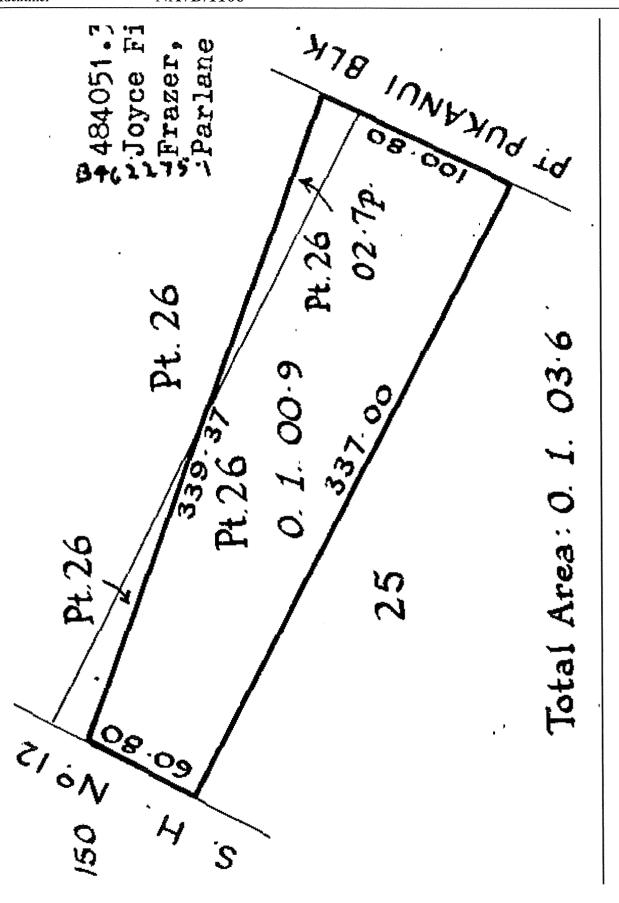
Fencing Agreement in Transfer 594232 (affects part)

Subject to a right of way over part marked A on DP 35077 specified in Easement Certificate 484051.1 - 17.11.1978 at 1.30

Appurtenant hereto is a right of way specified in Easement Certificate 484051.1 - 17.11.1978 at 1.30 pm

D616625.1 Gazette Notice declaring the adjoining State Highway 12 to be a limited access road - 27.6.2001 at 9.01 am

D616700.2 Notice pursuant to Section 91 Transit New Zealand Act 1989 - 27.6.2001 at 9.01 am



EC 484051.1 Easement C

Cpy - 01/01, Pys - 004, 05/09/06, 18:06



Approved to the Dstrict Land Registrar Auckland No. 4322/77.

EASEMENT CERTIFICATE

(IMPORTANT: Registration of this certificate does not of itself create any of the easements specified herein).

M,/We PETER FRANCIS MALINS of Omapere retired and BETTY CHRISTINA MALINS his wife and NORMAN CLAUDE PARLANE of Hokianga farmer

being the registered proprietor(s) of the land described in the Schedule hereto hereby certify that the easements specified in that Schedule, the servient tenements in relation to which are shown on a plan of survey deposited in the Land Registry Office at Auckland on the 28th day of October 19 77 under No.84718

28th day of October 19 77 under No.84718 are the easements which it is intended shall be created by the operation of section 90A of the Land Transfer Act 1952.

SCHEDULE DEPOSITED PLAN NO. 84718

			1	
Nature of Easement	Let No (s)	Tenement Colour, or Other Means of Identification, of Part	Dominant Tenement Lot No.(s) or other	Title Reference
e.g., Right of Way, etc.)	or other Legal Description	Subject to Easement	Legal Description	
Right of Way	Parts Lots 26 on D.P. 35077 and being part of Pukanui No.192N Block		Lot 25 D.P. 35077 and being part Pukanui Block	7Д/1106
Right of Way	Lot 25 D.F 35077 and being part Pukanui Block	Shown marked	Parts Lot 26 on D.P.35077 and being part of Pukanui No. 192N Block	968/174

State whether any rights or powers set out here are in addition to or in substitution for those set out in the Seventh Schedule to the Land Transfer Act 1952.

1. Rights and powers:

Implied rights and powers only

2. Terms, conditions, covenants, or restrictions in respect of any of the above easements: Implied terms and conditions only

Dated this

Signed by the above-named

BETTY CHRISTINA

in the presence of

Witness . Occupation

Address ...

SIGNED by the above-named NORMAN CLAUDE PARLANE in the presence of:

EASEMENT CERTIFICATE

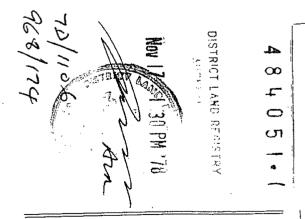
(IMPORTANT: Registration of this certificate does not of itself create any of the easements specified herein.

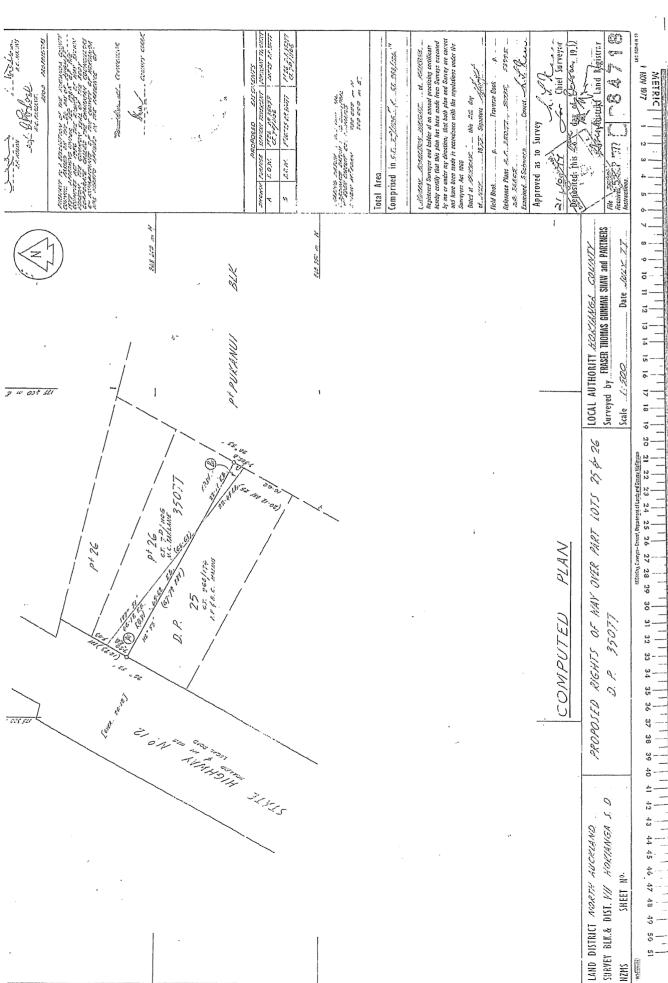
Correct for the purposes of the Land Transfer Act

Solicitor for the registered proprietor

The within easement was created by Transfer 484051.3

WALLACE, SPENCER & CO., SOLIGITORS, KAIKOHE.





COMPUTED

D. P. 35077

PROPOSED RIGHTS OF WAY OVER PART LOTS 25 \$ 26

LOCAL AUTHORITY HOKIANGA COUNTY
Surveyed by FRASER THOMAS GUNMAN SHAW and PARTNERS

Scale 1:500

1 hickory

LAND DISTRICT NORTH AUCKLAND

SURVEY BLK.& DIST. VII HOKIANGA S. D.

SHEET No.

Rights of way

(1)

A right of way includes the right for the grantee, in common with the grantor and other persons to whom the grantor may grant similar rights, at all times, to go over and along the easement facility.

(2)

The right to go over and along the easement facility includes the right to go over and along the easement facility with or without any kind of—

(a)

vehicle, machinery, or implement; or

(b)

domestic animal or (if the burdened land is rural land) farm animal.

(3)

A right of way includes the right to have the easement facility kept clear at all times of obstructions (whether caused by parked vehicles, deposit of materials, or unreasonable impediment) to the use and enjoyment of the easement facility.

(4)

The right to go over and along the easement facility, and to have the easement facility kept clear, is limited to the extent required by any period of necessary repair or maintenance of the easement facility.

(5)

The easement facility for the relevant easement is the surface of the land described as the easement area, including any easement facility laid or to be laid along the easement area in accordance with clause 10(1).

10General rights

(1)

All of the easements referred to in this schedule include—

(a)

the right to use any easement facility already situated in the easement area for the purpose of the easement granted; and

(b)

if no suitable easement facility exists in the easement area, the right to lay, install, and construct in the easement area (including the right to excavate land for the purpose of that construction) an easement facility that the grantee reasonably requires and for which the grantor has given prior consent; and

(c)

the right to repair and maintain the easement facility.

(2)

The grantor must not unreasonably withhold consent under subclause (1)(b).

(3)

The grantor must not do and must not allow to be done on the burdened land anything that may interfere with or restrict the rights of any other party or interfere with the efficient operation of the easement facility.

(4)

The grantee must not do and must not allow to be done on the benefited land (if any) or the burdened land anything that may interfere with or restrict the rights of any other party or interfere with the efficient operation of the easement facility.

(5)

To avoid doubt, all the easements referred to in this schedule (other than for a right to convey electricity) include the right to convey any electricity necessary to operate a pump or other equipment that is part of the easement facility.

11Repair, maintenance, and costs

(1)

If the 1 or more grantees have exclusive use of the easement facility, each grantee is responsible for arranging the repair and maintenance of the easement facility, and for the associated costs, so as to keep the facility in good order and to prevent it from becoming a danger or nuisance.

(2)

If the 1 or more grantees and the grantor share the use of the easement facility, each of them is responsible equally for the repair and maintenance of the easement facility, and for the associated costs, for the purposes set out in subclause (1).

(3)

If the easement is in gross, the grantee bears the cost of all work done outside the burdened land.

(4)

The parties responsible for maintenance under subclause (1), (2), or (5) (as the case may be) must meet any associated requirements of the relevant local authority.

(5)

Any repair or maintenance of the easement facility that is attributable solely to an act or omission by the grantor or the grantee must be promptly carried out by that grantor or grantee at their sole cost.

(6)

However, if the repair and maintenance of the easement facility is only partly attributable to an act or omission by the grantor or grantee,—

(a)

that party must pay the portion of the costs of the repair and maintenance that is attributable to that act or omission; and

(b)

the balance of those costs is payable in accordance with subclause (2).

(7)

The costs of any electricity used for the conveyance of water must be apportioned between users of the water in proportion to their usage of the water.

12Rights of entry

(1)

The grantee may, for the purpose of exercising any right or power, or performing any related duty, implied in an easement by these regulations,—

(a)

enter upon the burdened land by a reasonable route and with all necessary tools, vehicles, and equipment; and

(b)

remain on the burdened land for a reasonable time for the sole purpose of completing the necessary work; and

(c)

leave any vehicles or equipment on the burdened land for a reasonable time if work is proceeding.

(2)

However, the grantee must first give reasonable notice to the grantor.

(3)

The grantee must ensure that as little damage or disturbance as possible is caused to the burdened land or to the grantor.

(4)

The grantee must ensure that all work is performed properly.

(5)

The grantee must ensure that all work is completed promptly.

(6)

The grantee must immediately make good any damage done to the burdened land by restoring the surface of the land as nearly as possible to its former condition.

(7)

The grantee must compensate the grantor for all damage caused by the work to any crop (whether ready for harvest or not) or to any buildings, erections, or fences on the burdened land.

13Default

If the grantor or the grantee does not meet the obligations implied or specified in any easement,—

(a)

the party not in default may serve on the defaulting party written notice requiring the defaulting party to meet a specific obligation and stating that, after the expiration of 10 working days from service of the notice of default, the other party may meet the obligation; and

(b)

if, at the expiry of the 10-working-day period, the party in default has not met the obligation, the other party may—

(i)

meet the obligation; and

(ii)

for that purpose, enter the burdened land; and

(c)

the party in default is liable to pay the other party the cost of preparing and serving the default notice and the costs incurred in meeting the obligation; and

(d)

the other party may recover from the party in default, as a liquidated debt, any money payable under this clause.

14Disputes

If a dispute in relation to an easement arises between parties who have a registered interest under the easement,—

(a)

the party initiating the dispute must provide full written particulars of the dispute to the other party; and (b)

the parties must promptly meet and in good faith try to resolve the dispute using informal dispute resolution techniques, which may include negotiation, mediation, independent expert appraisal, or any other dispute resolution technique that may be agreed by the parties; and

(c)

if the dispute is not resolved within 14 working days of the written particulars being given (or any longer period agreed by the parties),—

(i)

the dispute must be referred to arbitration under the Arbitration Act 1996; and

(ii)

the arbitration must be conducted by a single arbitrator agreed by the parties or, failing agreement, appointed by the President of the branch of the New Zealand Law Society for the area in which the easement is located.

Created: 18/07/2023