

REA Guide

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Buying or selling your property?

New Zealand Residential Property Sale and Purchase Agreement Guide

Brought to you by the Real Estate Authority





This guide tells you...

what a sale and purchase agreement is

what's in a sale and purchase agreement

what happens after you sign the sale and purchase agreement

what happens if you have a problem

where to go for more information







About settled.govt.nz and the Real Estate Authority

Settled.govt.nz guides kiwis through home buying and selling.

Buying or selling your home is a big move and one of the biggest financial decisions Kiwis make. It's a complex and sometimes stressful process with potentially significant emotional and financial impacts if things go wrong.

Settled.govt.nz provides comprehensive independent information and guidance for home buyers and sellers. It'll help you feel more in control and help to get you settled. You can find information about the risks, how they can impact you, and get useful tips on how to avoid some of the major potential problems.

You'll learn your tender from your BBO, your price by negotiation from your auction. You'll find valuable information, checklists, quizzes, videos and tools. From understanding LIMs, to sale and purchase agreements, to when to contact a lawyer, settled.govt.nz explains what you need to know.

Settled.govt.nz is brought to you by the Real Estate Authority (REA). REA is the independent government agency that regulates the New Zealand real estate industry. Our aim is to promote and protect the interests of consumers involved in real estate transactions, and to promote a high standard of professionalism and service in the industry.

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For more information on home buying and selling, visit **settled.govt.nz** or email **info@settled.govt.nz**

To find out more about REA visit rea.govt.nz, call us on 0800 367 7322 or email us at info@rea.govt.nz

Key things to know about sale and purchase agreements



- A sale and purchase agreement is a legally binding contract between you and the other party involved in buying or selling a property.
- You must sign a written sale and purchase agreement to buy or sell a property.
- You need to read and understand the sale and purchase agreement before you sign it.
- You should always get legal advice before you sign the agreement and throughout the buying and selling process.
- You can negotiate the conditions in a sale and purchase agreement.
- A sale and purchase agreement becomes unconditional once all the conditions are met.
- The real estate agent is working for the seller of the property but must treat the buyer fairly.
- If your agent or anyone related to them wants to buy your property, they must get your written consent to do this. They must also give you an independent registered valuation of your property.

What a sale and purchase agreement is

A sale and purchase agreement is a legally binding contract between you and the other party involved in buying or selling a property. It sets out all the details, terms and conditions of the sale. This includes things such as the price, any chattels being sold with the property, whether the buyer needs to sell another property first and the settlement date.

A sale and purchase agreement provides certainty to both the buyer and the seller about what will happen when.

Always check your sale and purchase agreement with a lawyer before signing.

What's in a sale and purchase agreement

Your sale and purchase agreement should include the following things.

Basic details of the sale

- The names of the people buying and selling the property.
- The address of the property.
- The type of title (for example, freehold or leasehold).
- The price.
- Any deposit the buyer must pay.
- Any chattels being sold with the property (for example, whiteware or curtains).
- Any specific conditions you or the other party want fulfilled.
- How many working days you have to fulfil your conditions (if there are conditions).
- The settlement date (the date the buyer pays the rest of the amount for the property, which is usually also the day they can move in).
- The rate of interest the buyer must pay on any overdue payments.



Before you sign a sale and purchase agreement, whether you're the buyer or the seller, the agent must give you a copy of this guide. They must also ask you to confirm in writing that you've received it.

General obligations and conditions you have to comply with

The sale and purchase agreement includes general obligations and conditions that you will need to comply with. For example, these may include:

- access rights what access the buyer can have to inspect the property before settlement
- insurance to make sure the property remains insured until the settlement date and outline what will happen if any damage occurs
- default by the buyer the buyer may have to compensate the seller if they don't settle on time, for example, with interest payments
- default by the seller the seller may have to compensate the buyer if they don't settle on time, for example, by paying accommodation costs.

Your lawyer will explain these clauses to you.

Specific conditions a buyer may include

Some buyers will present an unconditional offer, which means there are no specific conditions to be fulfilled. Some buyers will include one or more conditions (that must be fulfilled by a specified date) in their offer such as:

- title search this is done by the buyer's lawyer to check who the legal owner of the property is and to see if there are any other interests over the property such as caveats or easements
- finance this refers to the buyer arranging payment, often requiring a mortgage or loan
- valuation report a bank may require the buyer to obtain a valuation of the property (an estimate of the property's worth on the current market) before they agree to a loan



The agent helps the buyer and the seller to include the conditions they each want. Even though the agent works for the seller, they also have to deal fairly and honestly with the buyer. They can't withhold any information, and they must tell the buyer about any known defects with the property.

Your agent will probably use the agreement for sale and purchase approved by the Auckland District Law Society and the Real Estate Institute of New Zealand.

- Land Information Memorandum (LIM) provided by the local council, this report provides information about the property such as rates, building permits and consents, drainage, planning and other important information
- builder's report to determine the condition of the building
- engineer's or surveyor's report similar to the above but more focused on the entire section and the structure of the property
- sale of another home the buyer may need to sell their own home in order to buy another.

What happens after you sign the sale and purchase agreement

Signing the sale and purchase agreement is not the end of the sale or purchase.

Both parties work through the conditions until the agreement is unconditional

A conditional agreement means the sale and purchase agreement has one or more conditions that must be met by a specified date.

The buyer pays the deposit. Depending on what the agreement says, the buyer may pay the deposit when they sign the agreement or when the agreement becomes unconditional. Usually the deposit is held in the agency's trust account for 10 working days before it is released to the seller.

An agreement for sale and purchase commits you to buy or sell

Once you've signed the sale and purchase agreement and any conditions set out in it have been met, you must complete the sale or purchase of the property.

Payment of a commission

Once the sale is complete, the seller pays the agent for their services. The agent or agency usually takes the commission from the deposit they're holding in their trust account. The seller should make sure the deposit is enough to cover the commission. The agent cannot ask the buyer to pay for their services if they have been hired by the seller.

The buyer pays the rest

The buyer pays the remainder of the amount for the property on the day of settlement, usually through their lawyer.

Buying a tenanted property

The agreement for sale and purchase may contain a specific date for possession that may differ from the settlement date, for instance, where the property is tenanted. If the property is tenanted, the agreement for sale and purchase should specify this.

If the buyer requires the property to be sold with 'vacant possession', it is the seller's responsibility to give the tenant notice to vacate, in accordance with the tenant's legal rights.

It is recommended that you seek legal advice if you are buying a property that is currently tenanted.



What happens if you have a problem

If you're worried about the behaviour of your agent, discuss it with them or their manager. All agencies must have in-house procedures for resolving complaints.

If you can't resolve the issue with the agency or you don't feel comfortable discussing it with them, you can contact the Real Estate Authority (REA).* We can help in a number of ways if your complaint is about the behaviour of a real estate agent. For example, we can help you and the agent or agency to resolve the issue and remind the agent of their obligations under the Real Estate Agents Act 2008. When you contact us, we'll work with you to help you decide the best thing to do. 0800 367 7322, email us at info@rea.govt.nz or visit us online at rea.govt.nz

Call us on

* Settled.govt.nz is brought to you by REA.

Where to go for more information

You can get more help and information from various places.

Read more about buying and selling a property at settled.govt.nz

Settled.govt.nz provides comprehensive independent information and guidance for home buyers and sellers.

The New Zealand Residential Property Agency Agreement Guide is also available on settled.govt.nz. The guide tells you more about the agreement you sign with the agent or agency helping to sell your property.

Your lawyer

Community Law Centres communitylaw.org.nz

Citizens Advice Bureau **cab.org.nz**

Consumer Protection (Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment) consumerprotection.govt.nz

We welcome any feedback you have on this publication.

The information in this guide was accurate when published. However, the requirements this information is based on can change at any time. Up-to-date information is available at rea.govt.nz.

